## PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

## BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

MAR 8 19

A NEW VIOLET FROM COLOMBIA.

BY WILHELM BECKER.

Among several specimens of *Viola* from South America, recently submitted to the writer for determination, one represents a new species. It may be described as follows:

Viola colombiana W. Becker, sp. nov.

E sect. "Leptidium" Ging. emend. W. Becker; V. heinbachii W. Becker affinis, foliis basi truncatis in petiolum angustatis non cordatis apice acutiusculis non acuminatis crenato-serratis diversa.

Rhizoma repens, caules circ. 20–30 cm. altos ±dense foliatos emittens. Caules ±ramosi, glabri, circ. 2 mm. crassi, adscendentes. Stipulae ±virides, lanceolatae, potius elliptico-lanceolatae, adversus basim angustatae, circ. 1 cm. longae, aequaliter fimbriatae; fimbriae circ. 1–1.5 mm. longae. Folia basi truncata, in petiolum angustata, ovata, acutiuscula, non acuminata, circ. 3 cm. longa, 2 cm. lata, glabra, distincte tamen non profunde crenulato-serrulata; petioli circiter 1–1.2 cm. longi. Flores dilute violacei, obscure violaceo-striati; petala 11–13 mm. longa, oblongo-obovata; pet. infimum latum, brevissime calcaratum; sepala 5 mm. longa, lanceolata, non acuminata; stylus apice non curvatus, acutus.

Colombia, Eastern Cordillera, Dept. Santander; mountains east of Las Vegas, open hillsides, 3000–3300 meters, December 20, 21, 1926, collected by E. P. Killip and Albert C. Smith, no. 15779 (U. S. Nat. Herb. no. 1,351,604;—Becker Herb. Viol.).

V. scandens Willd. folia basi subcordata brevius petiolata plane crenata et stipulas paullum fimbriatas habet.